

Jeopardy

Choose a category.

You will be given the answer.

You must give the correct

question.

[Click to begin.](#)

Choose a point value.

Choose a point value.

[Click here for
Final Jeopardy](#)

What Tesla Made!	It's Greek to Me!	Progynasm... What?	Prove It!	Rhetorical Schemes & Figures
<u>10 Point</u>	<u>10 Point</u>	<u>10 Point</u>	<u>10 Point</u>	<u>10 Point</u>
<u>20 Points</u>	<u>20 Points</u>	<u>20 Points</u>	<u>20 Points</u>	<u>20 Points</u>
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<u>50 Points</u>	<u>50 Points</u>	<u>50 Points</u>	<u>50 Points</u>	<u>50 Points</u>

**Praise or blame,
are the two special
topics of this kind
of rhetoric.**

What is Epideictic Rhetoric?

**The three special
topics of
invention.**

**What are Judicial,
Deliberative, and
Epideictic?**

**A topic that sets
limits to a term.**

What is definition?

**A kind of
comparison that
looks at questions
of size, magnitude,
or value.**

What is degree?

**Statistics is part of
this branch of
common topics.**

What is testimony?

**Aristotle defined it
as the available
means of
persuasion.**

What is rhetoric?

The best English
synonym for this
term is *credibility*.

What is ethos?

**The right time,
opportunity, or
occasion.**

What is kairos?

*Any system of
investigation.*

**What is a
heuristic?**

**A theory of invention
that raises questions of
conjecture, definition,
quality, and policy.**

**What is stasis
theory?**

**An elementary
exercise where the
rhetor elaborates on
a famous event or
saying.**

What is chreia?

**One of these
exercises involved
composing a story
meant to teach a
moral lesson.**

What is a fable?

**This elementary exercise,
also called *ekphrasis*, asks
the rhetor to discuss the
tributes or appearance of
something or someone.**

**What is
description?**

**In This exercise the
rhetor answers
anticipated
arguments of an
opponent.**

What is refutation?

**An elaboration of a
statement or bit of
knowledge commonly
held by the audience.**

**What is a
commonplace?**

**Three kinds of
proofs.**

**What are ethos,
pathos, and logos?**

**Aristotle's four
methods of
reasoning.**

**What are scientific,
dialectic, rhetoric,
and false?**

All people are mortal.

Socrates is a person.

**Therefore, Socrates is
mortal...is an example of
this.**

**What is a
syllogism?**

The difference between this and a syllogism is that the premises are a matter of probability, not truth.

**What is an
enthymeme?**

Paradeigma.

**What is Aristotle's
word for an
example.**

**An implied
comparison
between two unlike
things.**

**What is a
metaphor.**

**“The crown has
spoken” is an
example of this.**

**What is
metonymy?**

**The yoking
together of two
contradictory
terms.**

**What is an
oxymoron?**

“A small leap for man, a giant leap for mankind,” is an example of this.

What is antithesis?

**This term for a mixed
metaphor has been used to
apply to the outlandish
wrenching of words
sometimes used by the
avant-garde.**

**What is a
catachresis?**

Final Jeopardy

Make your wager

*Category: Situated
Ethos*

Final Answer: According to Brockreide, these are the three major dimensions of any rhetorical situation.

**Final Question: What
are interpersonal,
attitudinal, and
situational.**